

Count Back

Start with the larger number and count back.

Use with -1, -2, and -3.

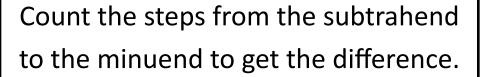
7-3

Start with 7 and count back 3.



7...6..5...4 † † † † start 1 2 3

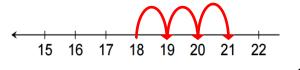
Count Up



21-18

Start with 18 and count up to 21.





Think Addition



Think of the related addition fact.



If you know the *Friendly Numbers* that *Make 10* then you know the subtraction fact.

10 and 0 | 1 and 9 | 2 and 8 | 3 and 7

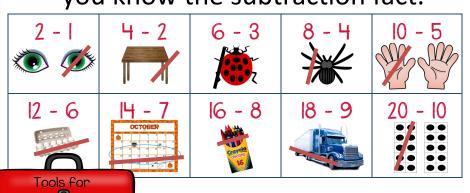


4 and 6 5 and 5



Half

If you know the *double fact* then you know the subtraction fact.



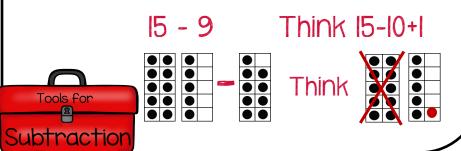
Minus 10

When 10 is subtracted from a number only the tens place digit changes.



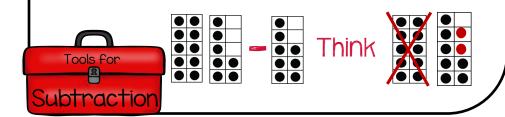


Think of the number as a 10 and then add 1.



Minus 8 See 8. Think 10.

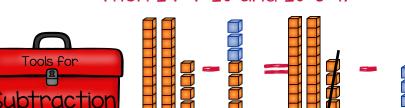
Think of the number as a 10 and then add 2.



Subtract in Small Steps

Decompose the subtrahend into smaller parts so that you can subtract to a 10 or a multiple of 10.

24-7. Think split the 7 into 4 and 3. Then 24-4=20 and 20-3=17



Constant Difference

Add or subtract the same amount from both the minuend and the subtrahend to make the problem easier to solve.



Traditional

Stack Method

Stack the numbers to line up the ones, tens... Subtract the 1s first, regroup if needed, continue with the 10s.



 $\frac{23}{-17}$